

Today's Metal Prices

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS
New York, March 22.—Silver, 58 1/2c; lead, \$7.87 bid; spelter, not quoted; copper, steady; electrolytic, nearby, \$28.00@28.50; June and later, \$27.00@27.50.

The Ogden Standard

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4 P. M. CITY EDITION
TEN PAGES

WEATHER — Utah: Increasing Cloudiness Tonight and Thursday, With Rain in North Portion Tonight or Thursday; Warmer Tonight.

Forty-sixth Year—No. 70.

Price: Five Cents.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 22, 1916.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

Two Thousand Carranza Troops at Chihuahua Espouse Cause of Villa

CARRANZA BELIEVED TO BE PLAYING FOR TIME IN GRAVE U. S. ISSUES

Chief of Mexican de Facto Government Knows Crisis May Follow Either Refusal, or Granting of Permission to American Army to Use Mexican Railroads as Requested—General Skepticism Felt Along Border—Pershing Again Reports to Funston After Sixty Hours Delay.

San Antonio, Texas, March 22.—General Herrera, commander at Chihuahua, is reported to have revolted against the Carranza government, declaring himself at war against the United States and promising his support to Villa, according to information received here from a source regarded as reliable. Herrera's strength in the City of Chihuahua was placed at 2,000 men. He was relieved of command by Carranza yesterday, according to information here, his revolt occurring after he had been relieved.

El Paso, Texas, March 22.—An unconfirmed rumor reached here today that 2,000 Carranza troops garrisoning Chihuahua have espoused the cause of Villa. The report came from two sources but official here would not say that the advice had gone beyond the rumor stage. It was pointed out, however, that more than half the Chihuahua garrison was composed of former followers of Villa. It was conceded that such an addition to his forces might have an immediate effect upon the campaign plans.

San Antonio, Texas, March 22.—General Funston today received from General Pershing the first report from the front in sixty hours. It came from Casas Grandes and the only reference made to the operations of Villa was that Villista and Carranza troops had been engaged Monday near Namiagua.

San Antonio, Tex., March 22.—Although it was sixty hours at noon today since General Pershing filed his last message regarding the disposition of cavalry south of Casas Grandes, General Funston professed no anxiety as to the welfare of any of the troops.

The exact whereabouts of General Pershing was unknown at headquarters here. It was considered probable he was out with one of three detachments away from his wireless and in no position to report.

Villa Has Superior Force.
Whether the Carranza troops succeeded in holding Villa near Namiagua or whether the detachment of American cavalry that was riding towards that point encountered him were not known, but General Funston believed it not unlikely that by this time the Americans and Villa's men had met. Villa was reported to have had a superior force but General Funston professed confidence that the smaller force of Americans would be able to more than hold its own.

The most evident worry of General Funston was caused by the news that two of his aviators, Lieutenant Gorrell and Willis, were missing. He was deeply concerned to learn their fate.

Regiments Going Into Mexico.
Of the two regiments now on their way to the border, all but one battalion will be sent into Mexico, increasing General Pershing's force by about 2,000 men. One battalion of the 24th Infantry—a negro regiment which is at its full war strength and which recently returned from the Philippines—will be held at the border.

The cutting of the permanent telegraph wires between Casas Grandes and Juarez did not greatly concern staff officers here since they were not used by General Pershing. An investigation is being made of the cutting of the field wire. Reports did not confirm earlier reports that the field wire was accidentally broken by men or animals of the expeditionary force.

Failure of Wireless.
Repeated failure of the wireless sets General Pershing had been using, caused the dispatch from here of Captain F. C. de Chandler of the signal corps to supervise their operation. Telegraph wires between Torreón and Piedras Negras, opposite Eagle Pass, were cut today, according to a telegram received here.

Funston Keenly Disappointed.
General Funston manifested keen disappointment over the bad start made by the aviators. In flight tests here the men had displayed almost perfect control over their machines and officers here believe it likely that unexpected and unusual air conditions in the more elevated district of northern Mexico were responsible for the descent of three out of eight machines.

General Funston today requested newspaper correspondents to deny again that the men had captured machine guns at Columbus or anything else, either at Columbus or on the march south of the border. Friends of the general have written to him expressing their sympathy over the "loss" of the machine guns.

Wireless Is Restored.
Columbus, N. M., March 22.—Wireless communication with the advanced base of the American expeditionary force at Casas Grandes was restored today. Several messages, all in code,

prices, and the purchases by the quartermaster and commissary departments, will give the Mexicans an entirely new opinion of the character of "gringos" and of their honor. It was this free spending of money and freedom from pilfering under the American occupation of Vera Cruz that entirely upset the preconceived notions of the Mexican residents in regard to the people north of the line. Silver is now scarce in Mexico and gold scarcer. Thus, the people on the line of advance will be interested in having such free spenders as the Americans in their neighborhood.

Pablo Galvez, a Mexican, was arrested here today accused of being involved in an attempt to murder Dan Powell, a night watchman employed by some wholesale houses. Powell telephoned the police last night that three Mexicans, armed with weapons equipped with silencers were taking pot shots at him. He said bullets were flattening on the walls about him and that he had taken shelter in a building where he was telephoning. Police reserves were rushed to the scene and, after rounding up the Mexicans in the neighborhood arrested Galvez. No weapon was found on him.

Brownsville, Texas, March 22.—Battery D, Fourth Field Artillery, which has been on duty near Mercedes since last August, today prepared for a 40-mile march to Fort Brown at Brownsville, in response to orders issued by General Funston. The battery is expected to reach here Thursday night. A part of this battery were members of the party that entered Mexico at Progreso in January to rescue two soldiers.

Cavalry Leaves for Border.
Leavenworth, Kansas, March 22.—The second squadron of the Fifth cavalry stationed here, entrained this morning for the Mexican border. Officers in command would not make public the destination of the troops but it is understood they will go to El Paso to await further orders from General Funston. The squadron left in two trains consisting of thirty-four cars and expects to reach the border within three days.

MISSING FLYERS
CLEVER AVIATORS
Lieutenant Gorrell Rated as One of Most Skilful and Conservative Men in the Army.

WILLIS YOUNGEST FLYER
Machines Too Low-powered to Do Good Reconnaissance Work in Swirly Air Currents.

San Antonio, Texas, March 22.—One of the aviators missing from the squadron that went to join General Pershing's column, descended somewhere south of Casas Grandes, it was learned at General Funston's headquarters today. His name was not given.

Early reports had indicated that both came down somewhere along the line of communication between the border line and Casas Grandes, General Pershing's advanced base of operations.

Reports explained today that one machine reached Casas Grandes and was sent south over the country in which the three detachments of cavalry are operating. No details relative to his disappearance were recorded.

San Diego, Calif., March 22.—United States army fliers here awaited with anxiety today definite news of Junior Military aviators Edgar S. Gorrell, and Robert N. Willis, Jr., who are reported missing in Mexico. Both men received their training at the North Island school here, as did Lieutenant Thomas S. Bowen, who was injured by a fall in his machine near Casas Grandes.

Lieutenant Gorrell is rated as one of the most clever and conservative fliers in the army. Lieutenant Willis is one of the youngest aviators in the service.

All of the aeroplanes which figured in the Mexican expeditionary force mishaps are 100 horsepower tractors. At the time they were purchased for the first army squadron they were considered by aviation experts to be the best obtainable in this country for scouting work. With pilot and observer the planes could attain a maximum speed of 83 miles an hour and could carry sufficient fuel to last for eight hours' flight at full speed.

Army aviators declare, however, that these machines are too low powered to permit of good reconnaissance work among the swirly air conditions found in the mountains of northern Mexico.

SOCIALIST LEADS RACE.
Minneapolis, Minn., March 22.—Daniel Goebich, Socialist candidate, leads Mayor Gerhard H. Bading, non-partisan, for the mayoralty nomination in yesterday's primary by 5,367 votes, according to nearly complete returns today. These two candidates will oppose each other in the election April 4th.

MANY HOMELESS AT DALLAS TEXAS

City Is Without Food and People Dazed at Result of Disasterous Fire.

HEAVY PROPERTY LOSS

Tall Buildings Guttured by Flames Being Dynamited—Walls Fall With Roar to Streets.

Paris, Texas, March 22.—A conservative estimate of the number of people made homeless by last night's fire in the business and residential districts here was 8,000, made early today by Mayor Ed McCullough.

Although the city is without food there was apparently little suffering and a good natured, though dazed view was taken of the disaster by a majority of the citizens.

The fire wiped out about the entire business district destroyed from 1500 to 2000 persons and caused a loss estimated from two and a half to three and a half million dollars. About one-third of the city was untouched by the flames. Confirmation was impossible of rumors that from ten to thirty persons had lost their lives.

Fires were still burning in some places at daybreak. Brick walls, blackened by heavy smoke and extending into the air five and six stories, were being razed by dynamite with a safety zone roped off that passersby might not be endangered by falling walls.

The work of dynamiting the buildings commenced early today. One by one the buildings, which cost from \$100,000 to \$300,000, already gutted by the flames, tumbled with a roar to add to the debris in the streets.

Estimates of the monetary damage done by the fire were placed at about \$5,000,000, although it was impossible to get an accurate accounting of the loss. An unusual fact in connection with the fire was that there was no loss of life and so far as reported no one seriously injured.

In the business section there are left only smaller stores on side streets radiating from the public square.

In these stores Paris business men opened establishments this morning to care for the needy. In one brick building, less than fifty feet wide and about one hundred feet long, were located a branch office of telephone company for long distance service, a temporary telegraph office consisting of a key and sounder placed on a shelf; a hastily constructed apothecary shop and on the other side a small store of dry goods and clothing, which was in great demand by those who had lost most of their apparel in the flames. There was apparent a feeling of resentment among some citizens in the matter of asking for outside aid. In spite of the calamity, the bulk of Paris residents felt that they could depend upon their own resources for taking care of themselves.

Fire Casualties Reported.
The first casualty in the fire became known today when the body of John Strauss, negro, was found in the ruins of his home.

Mrs. W. J. Bailey, 50 years old, died from heart failure caused by excitement.

Mrs. A. C. Poul, an aged woman whose house on South Main street was burned, is missing. It is feared she was burned to death.

A statement issued by Mayor McCullough placed the damage in last night's fire at between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000.

"No survey of sufficient accuracy has been completed to enable me to announce definitely the number of homeless," the statement read. The known deaths are three.

Two-thirds of Town Ruined.
Two thirds of the town has been laid in ruins. The remaining third was the refuge last night and early today of those whose homes had been swept away.

Such as remained of the city's public buildings were crowded with women and children until daybreak, railroad stations, a few stores and often the open air became sleeping places for those whose living routine had been shattered.

But few of the male population slept last night. Most of the men worked in trying to stop the flames; others who gave up exhausted, found rest on the lawns of parks and secure places in the residence district.

CHEMICAL COMPANY LOSES A MILLION

Copper Hill, Tenn., March 22.—More than \$1,000,000 was today's estimate of the loss in the fire which yesterday totally destroyed the two million gallon acid tanks, crude and finished products of the Carcolite Chemical company here.

By the explosion of one of the large chemical tanks, Assistant Superintendent George Strobl was fatally injured.

The fire originated from acid boiling over in one of the kettles. The plant for the last few months has been employed in the manufacture of ingredients for high explosives for European consumption.

NORTHEAST GALES SWEEPING EAST

Rain, Sleet, Hail, Snow and Lightning Accompany Wind of Unusual Violence.

PROPERTY DAMAGE

Railroad Traffic Delayed, Street Cars Held Up, Buildings Unroofed and Trees Uprooted.

Chicago, March 22.—Northeast gales bearing rain, sleet, hail and snow accompanied by frequent lightning flashes swept over eastern Indiana, northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin today.

The storm, which was of unusual violence, cost one life, caused many injuries and great property damage. In Logansport buildings were unroofed and the flying wreckage caused the only fatality reported. Several Illinois cities suffered severely while Chicago sustained all the ill effects of a blizzard except low temperature.

Railroad transportation was delayed, street cars were held up and shade trees uprooted in various sections of the city.

Before 9 a. m. the storm abated and hundreds of men began the work of removing the snow from the streets.

Trains Blown From Track.
Chicago, March 22.—Marion, Ind., reports a passenger train on the Toledo, St. Louis and Northwestern railroad (Clever Leaf) blown from the track near this city. Several persons were severely injured but none was killed. Four cars were overturned and a fifth tilted.

Wind at Sixty-mile Rate.
Kansas City, Mo., March 22.—A wind storm blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour blew practically all last night and was still blowing early this morning. Plate glass windows were broken in the downtown district and street lights and telegraph and telephone wires were blown down. The wind was accompanied by a sharp drop in temperature.

Trains Collide In Storm.
Albert Lea, Minn., March 22.—In a collision of two freight trains on the Minneapolis and St. Paul railroad near New Richmond, Minn., during a blinding snowstorm early this morning several trainmen were reported to have lost their lives. The trainmen were caught in the wreckage which was said to be burning.

Many People Injured.
Indianapolis, Ind., March 22.—Three deaths, four serious and more than fifty minor injuries and extensive property damage resulted from the wind storm which swept northern Indiana late last night.

"Silas Williams, 71, was killed when his home near Jalapa in Colt county, was destroyed crushing him to death in his bed.

James Rector of Indianapolis was killed when his home was destroyed by the storm.

W. J. Ricketts was killed at Logansport when the roof of a factory building was blown against his home.

Mrs. Jerry Carter of St. Louis, Mo., an Italian woman named Pasquale of Trinidad, Colorado, William Hutchins, Frankfort, Ind., and E. L. H. Moore, Van Buren, Ind., were severely injured when three coaches of the Clover Leaf passenger train were blown over near Marion, Ind. These were taken to the hospital in Marion.

A number of houses and factories were unroofed in Marion.

In Logansport the storm confined itself to a narrow stretch but wrecked practically everything in its path.

Baby Killed In Tornado

Hartford City, Ind., March 22.—Gertrude Alsapach, 4-year-old daughter of a farmer living near Montpelier north of here, was killed by the tornado which swept the northern section of this (Blackford) county early today,

HEAVY ARTILLERY FIRE CONTINUES BETWEEN FRENCH AND GERMANS

Battle of Verdun Now in Fourth Week—Big Guns Preparing Way for Huge Infantry Assault—Germans Bombard Malancourt Heavily—Russians Occupy Capital of Bukovina—Fleet Active in the Black Sea.

London, March 22, 3:15 p. m.—The sinking by a Russian warship of the steamship Esperanza off Kali Akra in the Black sea off the Rumanian coast, is reported in a Reuter dispatch filed at Bucharest on Sunday. The Esperanza, a 7,000 ton vessel flying the German flag, is said to have been loaded with foodstuffs for Constantinople. The crew was captured by the Russians. The dispatch also reports the sinking of a score of small sailing ships with cargoes of food.

London, March 22, 4:30 p. m.—Abandonment of Czernowitz, capital of Bukovina, by the Austrians, is reported in an unofficial wireless dispatch received here today from Rome.

Paris, March 22.—Noon.—No infantry attacks were made on the Verdun front last night, the French war office announced this afternoon. The Germans bombarded Malancourt heavily and there were artillery exchanges of less intensity east of the Meuse.

The statement follows: "West of the Meuse the artillery duel was very lively in the region of Malancourt, Isnes and Hill 304. A particularly violent fire was directed against the Haucourt hill.

"East of the Meuse the bombardment was intense in the region of Vaux and Damloup.

"There were no infantry actions. The night was calm on the remainder of the front."

Holland Remains Inactive.
London, March 22, 9:57 a. m.—The Dutch foreign office admits that no representations were made by Holland to Germany in connection with the sinking of the Tubantia, says a Reuter's dispatch from The Hague. The Dutch minister in Berlin has been instructed to ask the German government to open an inquiry in view of the statements made by the crew and passengers of the Tubantia. These instructions, however, were cancelled when the German minister at The Hague made a declaration in behalf of his government.

Turks Evacuate Fortress.
London, March 22, 3:21 p. m.—A Bucharest dispatch forwarded from Amsterdam to the Central News says the Turks have evacuated Erzincan, a fortress of Asia Minor, 120 miles west of Erzerum.

Russians Make No Gains.
Berlin, March 22, via London, 4:10 p. m.—The Russians have gained no success in their extended offensive against the German lines.

The statement follows: "Western front: During the work of clearing up the battlefields after the attacks of March 20 northeast of Arras and owing to the occasional capture of additional trenches from the enemy outside the wounded sectors the number of unwounded prisoners captured there has been increased to 58 officers and 2,291 men.

Artillery Battles Continue.
"Artillery battles continued on both sides of the Meuse with great violence, although at times they became less intense.

"At Obersiept, the French again attempted to make up for the check they suffered February 13. They were repulsed with considerable losses.

"Three enemy aeroplanes were put out of action by our aviators in aerial engagements north of Verdun. Two came down behind our front northeast of Samogneux. The third crashed down in flames."

Lieutenant Boelke brought down his 13th enemy aeroplane and Lieutenant Parschau his fourth.

"Eastern front: The great offensive movement of the Russians increased in extent. The points of attack have become more numerous and advances followed each other without interruption at several places throughout the day and night. The strongest storming attack was again directed against the front northwest of Posen.

At this point the loss of the enemy reached an extraordinary figure even for the numbers of Russians in action.

"During a successful counter attack at the point where some inroads were made in our lines 11 Russian officers and 673 men were taken prisoner. During many other engagements south and southeast of Riga near Friedrichstadt, west and southwest of Jacobstadt, south of Dvinsk, north of Vidzy and between Narocz and Wiszniew lakes, our brave troops repulsed the enemy completely inflicting the greatest possible losses on him and during counter attacks took more than six hundred prisoners from the enemy.

The Russians did not succeed at any point in gaining any success. Our losses were slight in all these actions.

"Balkan front: The situation is unchanged."

Review of War Situation.
The battle for Verdun, now well in its fourth week, continues with intensity but at present the infantry is held

FULL DETAILS OF A MURDER

Mexican Bandits Surround Home of Wealthy Italian and Demand \$5,000 and Shoot Him Down.

Murderers Drink and Carouse While Dead Body of Ranchman Lies Outside in Sun.

El Paso, Tex., March 22.—Full details of the murder of Enrico Visconti, wealthy Italian, at his ranch in the state of Chihuahua, March 13, have been received by the dead man's brother, Vicenti Visconti.

The latter today wired the Italian minister at Mexico City to present a claim for indemnity to the Carranza government. He also instructed his widow, a resident of Santa Rosalia, to have Carranzista soldiers sent to guard the ranch until she and her two sons can take possession. The ranch is distant from Santa Rosalia eighty miles.

The story of the murder was contained in a letter from Wenceslao Garcia, a cattleman of Presidio, Tex. Garcia obtained the details from an employe, Rumbulo Carrasco, who had gone to the Visconti ranch on the day of the murder to buy cattle for Garcia.

According to the letter, forty or fifty men, supposed to be Villista bandits, appeared at the ranch about 9:30 o'clock on the morning of the 14th. They interrupted the negotiations of Visconti and Carrasco by taking Visconti outside the ranch house and demanding that he pay them \$5,000.

When he said that he could not raise the money they placed him against the wall and shot him. Afterwards the bandits looted the house and wine cellar, drinking and carousing while Visconti's body lay outside in the hot sun. Carrasco was not molested, he being a Mexican.

Later in the day the bandits made off, after burying the body in a shallow grave. Carrasco then returned to Presidio with his story of the murder.

The Italian colony here is preparing to back Visconti's demands on the de facto government. Visconti is acting on the advice of the Italian ambassador at Washington.

Douglas, Ariz., March 22.—Trooper Robert Kettle of the First U. S. cavalry, who was found early today in a box car at Rodeo, N. M., with a bullet wound in his head, was brought to the hospital here where he is still unconscious with his chances of recovery doubtful.

Officers of the First cavalry brigade have been unable to find out how Kettle became wounded. Neither do they understand what occurred in the box car at Rodeo, which is thirty-five miles northeast on the New Mexico-Arizona border. An investigation is being made.